### **FUTURO CONTINUO O PROGRESIVO**

# Form (Forma)

Para formar el futuro continuo se utilizan "will be" o "be going to" y el verbo+ing.

Sujeto	Auxiliares	Verbo+ing
ı	will be am going to be	talking, eating, learning, doing, going
he, she, it	will be is going to be	talking, eating, learning, doing, going
you, we, they	will be are going to be	talking, eating, learning, doing, going

# Structure (Estructura)

1. AFFIRMATIVE SENTENCES (Frases afirmativas)

### **FORMULA:**

Sujeto + verbo auxiliar (to be) + "going to be" + verbo+ing...

# **Ejemplos:**

I will be talking. / I'm going to be talking. (Estaré hablando.)
He will be eating. / He's going to be eating. (Estará comiendo.)
They will be learning. / They're going to be learning. (Estarán aprendiendo.)

## 2. NEGATIVE SENTENCES (Frases negativas)

#### **FORMULA:**

## **Ejemplos:**

I will not [won't] be talking. / I'm not going to be talking. (No estaré hablando.) He will not [won't] be eating. / He's not going to be eating. (No estará comiendo.) They will not [won't] be learning. / They're not going to be learning. (No estarán aprendiendo.)

**Nota**: En las frases negativas el auxiliar negativo "not" va entre los verbos auxiliares "will" y "be" o entre "to be" y "going to be".

## 3. INTERROGATIVE SENTENCES (Frases interrogativas)

### **FORMULA:**

Verbo auxiliar ("to be") + sujeto + "going to be" + verbo+ing...?

## **Ejemplos:**

Will you be talking? / Are you going to be talking? (¿Estarás hablando?)
Will he be eating? / Is he going to be eating? (¿Estará comiendo?)
Will they be learning? / Are they going to be learning? (¿Estarán aprendiendo?)